

## ▼ 데이터 형태

변수 : 문자, 숫자

```
1 val1=3
2 val2=-6.8
3 str1='stay hunger'
4 str2='운명이다'
```

```
1 val1+val2, str1+' -Steve Jobs-'
```

```
↳ (-3.8, 'stay hunger -Steve Jobs-')
```

**list**

```
1 list_val=range(9)
2 list_str=['wolfpack', 'hnu', 'stat']
```

```
1 list_str[1], list_val[1]
```

```
↳ ('hnu', 1)
```

**Dictionary{}**

```
1 dict_eg={7933001:'wolfpack', 3725:'hnu'}
2 dict_eg[7933001], len(dict_eg)
```

```
↳ ('wolfpack', 2)
```

## ▼ 행렬

```

1 import numpy as np
2 A=np.array([[1,2],[3,4],[5,6]])
3 B=np.array([[1,2,3],[4,5,6]])
4 v=np.array([[7],[8],[9]])
5 u=np.array([[10,11,12]])
6 z=np.array((14,15,16))
7 print('행렬 A : \n',A,'\n 행렬 B : \n',B,'\n 벡터 v : \n',v,'\n 벡터 u : \n',u,'\n array z : \n',z

```

☞ 행렬 A :

```

[[1 2]
 [3 4]
 [5 6]]

```

행렬 B :

```

[[1 2 3]

```

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```

[[7]

```

```

[8]

```

```

[9]]

```

벡터 u :

```

[[10 11 12]]

```

array z :

```

[14 15 16]

```

## 행렬 인덱스

```

1 A[:,1], A[0,0],A[:,2]

```

☞ (array([2, 4, 6]), 1, array([[1, 2],  
[3, 4],  
[5, 6]]))

## 행렬차수

- shape : 행과 열 차수, ndim : array 차원개수 size : 행과 열의 차수

```
1 A.shape,A.ndim,A.size,v.shape,v.ndim,u.ndim,v.size,z.shape,z.ndim,z.size
```

```
↳ ((3, 2), 2, 6, (3, 1), 2, 2, 3, (3,), 1, 3)
```

## 전치

```
1 print(A.T,'\n ***** \n',B.T,'\n ***** \n',v.T,'\n ***** \n',z.T)
```

```
↳ [[1 3 5]
    [2 4 6]]
    *****
    [[1 4]
     [2 5]
     [3 6]]
```

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```
*****
[14 15 16]
```

## 행렬 쌓기

- 가로 쌓기 : 열의 차수가 같으면 conformable (연산 가능)
- 세로 쌓기 : 행의 차수가 같으면 연산가능

```
1 print(np.hstack([A,v]),'\n ***** \n',np.vstack([B,v.T]))
```

```
↳
```

```
1 np.hstack([A,u]
```

```
File "<ipython-input-11-b2ed34491b97>", line 1
  np.hstack([A,u]
```

**SyntaxError:** unexpected EOF while parsing

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## 더하기/빼기

연산가능 conformable : (행렬) 차수 동일

단 열벡터인 경우에는 행의 수가 같으면 행의 열마다 더해진다

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```
array([[ 2,  4],
       [ 6,  8],
       [10, 12]])ERROR! Session/line number was not unique in database. History logging moved to new session 59
```

```
1 A+v
```

```
array([[ 8,  9],
       [11, 12],
       [14, 15]])
```

```
1 A+u
```

```
↳
```

```
-----
ValueError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-13-c64203dbbe55> in <module>()
----> 1 A+u
```

**ValueError:** operands could not be broadcast together with shapes (3,2) (1,3)

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## 곱하기

행과 열의 곱으로 내적곱이다. 행렬의 행차수와 열벡터의 차수가 동일해야 한다.

$A@B$  행렬의 곱 : A행렬의 열차수와 B 행렬의 행차수가 동일해야 한다.  $\Leftrightarrow A.dot(B)$

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```
[7] array([[ 7,  4],
          [24, 32],
          [45, 54]])
```

```
1 A@v
```

```
-----
ValueError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-15-514454d627ab> in <module>()
----> 1 A@v
```

**ValueError:** matmul: Input operand 1 has a mismatch in its core dimension 0, with gufunc signature (n?,k),(k,m?)->(n?,

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```
1 B@v
```

```
↳ array([[ 50],
         [122]])
```

```
1 B.dot(v)
```

```
↳ array([[ 50],
         [122]])
```

### 행렬식, 역행렬 Ax=b

$$x+y+z=1$$

$$2x+y+2z=4$$

$$4x+3y-4z=7$$

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[4, 3, -4]])

```
2 b=np.array([1,4,7])
```

```
1 A
```

```
↳ array([[ 1,  1,  1],
         [ 2,  1,  2],
         [ 4,  3, -4]])
```

### \*\* 행렬식 \*\*

```
1 import numpy.linalg as la
2 la.det(A)
```

```
↳ 7.999999999999998
```

```
1 la.det(np.array([[1,1,1],[2,1,2],[4,3,4]]))
```

```
↳ 0.0
```

## 랭크 rank

```
1 la.matrix_rank(A)
```

```
↳ 3
```

```
1 la.matrix_rank(np.array([[1,1,1],[2,2,2]]))
```

```
↳ 1
```

## 역행렬

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```
↳ array([[ 1.25,  0.625,  0.125],
         [ 2.   , -1.   , -0.   ],
         [ 0.25 ,  0.125, -0.125]])
```

\*\* 역행렬(A)@A = 항등행렬

```
1 la.inv(A)@A
```

```
↳ array([[1., 0., 0.],
         [0., 1., 0.],
         [0., 0., 1.]])
```

\* 방정식 해  $A^{-1}b$

```
1 la.inv(A).dot(b) #solution of equation
```

```
↳ array([ 3.125, -2.    , -0.125])
```

```
1 la.inv(A)@b
```

```
↳ array([ 3.125, -2.    , -0.125])
```

**\*\* 방정식 해 확인 \*\***

```
1 A@la.inv(A)@b
```

```
↳ array([1., 4., 7.])
```

## eigen values, vector

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```
Y([[0,1],[-2,-3]])
```

```
↳ [-1. -2.]
   [[ 0.70710678 -0.4472136 ]
    [-0.70710678  0.89442719]]
```

## SVD singular decomposition

$A=U(\text{Sigma})V'$ , U, V orthogonal matrix

```
1 U,Sigma,Vt=la.svd(np.array([[0,1],[-2,-3]]))
2 print(U,'\n',Sigma,'\n',Vt)
```

```
↳
```



## Special Matrix

```
1 np.zeros((2,3))
```

```
↳ array([[0., 0., 0.],
         [0., 0., 0.]])
```

```
1 np.ones((2,3))
```

```
↳ array([[1., 1., 1.],
         [1., 1., 1.]])
```

```
1 np.eye(3)
```

```
↳ array([[1., 0., 0.],
         [0., 1., 0.],
         [0., 0., 1.]])
```

```
1 np.full((2,3),3)
```

```
↳ array([[3, 3, 3],
         [3, 3, 3]])
```

```
1 np.random.random((2,3))
```

```
↳ array([[0.859799 , 0.37413985, 0.28712814],
         [0.02358198, 0.31388947, 0.17501232]])
```

## Mean and Variance

1. one' vector\_x / n
2. (vector\_x - vector\_mu)'(vector\_x - vector\_mu) / (n-1)

```
1 import numpy as np
```

```
1 import numpy as np
2 x=np.array(range(0,10))
3 print('mean=',x.mean(),'var=',x.var())
```

↳ mean= 4.5 var= 8.25

```
1 xbar=np.ones(x.shape)@x.T/x.shape
2 xbar
```

↳ array([4.5])

```
1 var_x=(x.T-np.full(x.shape,xbar))@(x.T-np.full(x.shape,xbar)).T / x.shape
2 var_x
```

↳ array([8.25])

Saved successfully!

